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| APPLICATION NO.         | F    | ILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.     | CONFIRMATION NO |
|-------------------------|------|------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 10/085,796 02/26/2002   |      | 02/26/2002 | Shadrack K. Kilemba  | SMQ-084                 | 8019            |
| 959                     | 7590 | 06/09/2005 | •                    | EXAMINER                |                 |
|                         |      | TELD, LLP. | ALAM, SHAHID AL      |                         |                 |
| 28 STATE S<br>BOSTON, 1 |      | 9          | ART UNIT             | PAPER NUMBER            |                 |
| ,                       |      |            |                      | 2162                    |                 |
|                         |      |            |                      | DATE MAILED: 06/09/2005 |                 |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Advisory Action

| Application No. | Applicant(s)   |  |
|-----------------|----------------|--|
| 10/085,796      | KILEMBA ET AL. |  |
| Examiner        | Art Unit       |  |
| Shahid Al Alam  | 2162           |  |

| Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief   | Examiner  | Art Unit  |   |
|--|---|---|---|
|  | Shahid Al Alam  | 2162  |   |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appe  | ears on the cover sheet with the c  | correspondence add  | ress                                    |
| THE REPLY FILED <u>24 May 2005</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP   | LICATION IN CONDITION FOR AL  | LOWANCE.  |   |
| 1.  The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or or this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Not a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliant time periods:   | wing replies: (1) an amendment, aff<br>otice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in c   | idavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C              | nce, which<br>FR 41.31; or (3)          |
| a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date   | e of the final rejection.   |   |   |
| b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire!  | Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing  | g date of the final rejecti                               | on.                                     |
| Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7  | (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE<br>06.07(f).   | E FIRST REPLY WAS F                                       | ILED WITHIN                             |
| Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL | on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing da | of the fee. The appropri<br>inally set in the final Offi  | iate extension fee ce action: or (2) as |
| 2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp<br>filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte<br>a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed   | nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to   | avoid dismissal of th                                     | is of the date of<br>e appeal. Since    |
| AMENDMENTS   | within the time period set forth in 3   | 7 CFR 41.37(a).   |   |
| 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) They raise new issues that would require further co  | but prior to the date of filing a brief,  | will <u>not</u> be entered be                             | ecause                                  |
| (b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo  | w);   | •   |   |
| (c) They are not deemed to place the application in being appeal; and/or   |   |   | the issues for                          |
| (d) They present additional claims without canceling a   |   | ected claims.   |   |
| NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).   |   |   | (DTO) 004)                              |
| <ul> <li>The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1.</li> <li>Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)</li> </ul>   | <ol> <li>See attached Notice of Non-Co</li> </ol>   | mpliant Amendment (                                       | PTOL-324).                              |
| <ol> <li>Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ol>  |   | timely filed amendme                                      | ent canceling the                       |
| 7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro-   | will not be entered, or b) will will will will will will will wil   | l be entered and an e                                     | explanation of                          |
| The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:   | - поставания   |   |   |
| Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:  |   |   |   |
| Claim(s) rejected:   |   |   |   |
| Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:   |   |   |   |
| AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE  |   |   |   |
| 3 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu<br>because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and<br>was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).   | t before or on the date of filing a No<br>d sufficient reasons why the affidav  | otice of Appeal will <u>no</u><br>it or other evidence is | t be entered necessary and              |
| The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing<br>entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o<br>showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary   | vercome all rejections under appea  | al and/or appellant fai                                   | ls to provide a                         |
| I0. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation<br>REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER  |   |   |   |
| <ol> <li>I1.</li></ol>   | t does NOT place the application in   | condition for allowar                                     | ice because:                            |
| 2. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).  | (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper N   | o(s)  |   |
| J  |   | EM IL   |   |
| •  |   | Shahid Al Alam<br>Primary Examiner                        |   |

Art Unit: 2162

Applicant's arguments filed on 24 May 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive for the following reasons.

In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to combine Bach with Gorthy because, when given a command in XML format, the command information in the configuration schema can be used to reformat the XML-based command into a proper CLI format. Once reformatted into a CLI format, the command can be pushed out to the appropriate router. Thus, a system administrator could configure such a router without knowing the specifics of the CLI.

In response to applicant's argument on page 5, a prima facie case of obviousness is established when the teachings from the prior art itself would appear to have suggested the claimed subject matter to a person of ordinary skill in the art. Once such a case is established, it is incumbent upon appellant to go forward with objective evidence of unobviousness. In re Fielder, 471 F.2d 640, 176 USPQ 300 (CCPA 1973).

Examiner is entitled to give claim limitations their broadest reasonable interpretation in light of the specification. Interpretation of Claims-Broadest Reasonable Interpretation

During patent examination, the pending claims must be 'given the broadest reasonable interpretation consistent with the specification.' Applicant always has the opportunity to amend the claims during prosecussion and broad interpretation by the examiner reduces the possibility that the claim, once issued, will be interpreted more broadly than is justified. In re Prater, 162 USPQ 541,550-51 (CCPA 1969).

In response to Applicant's argument, Bach's teaching of the CDT that executes under the control of the oprating system on the client computer, interacts with an operator via a graphical user's interface and/or a command line interface (CLI) and stores information in a catalog (column 10, lines 32-36) and Gorthy's teachings of the converter that receives an XML command, the converter determines the OS version (translate) and then is directed to the command to the appropriate configuration schema for the router (page 4, para [0052]) clearly teaches applicants claim limitation.